

# V-FASTR Commensal Observations and Real-time Classification Agent



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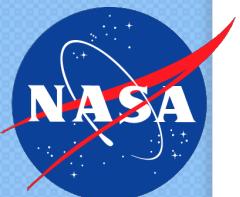
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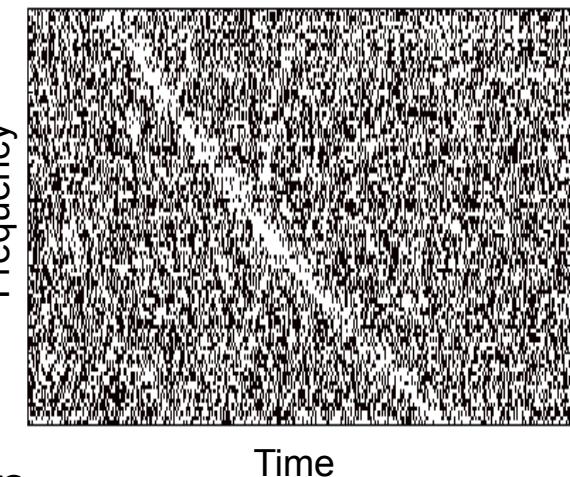


# What's out there?



- Signals from known or hypothesized sources
  - Pulsars
  - Intermittent pulsars (RRATs)
  - Merging neutron stars
  - Evaporating black holes
- Signals from the unknown
  - Short-duration ( $\sim$ ms) transient signals:  
Largely unexplored space
- Signals are dispersed by the interstellar medium

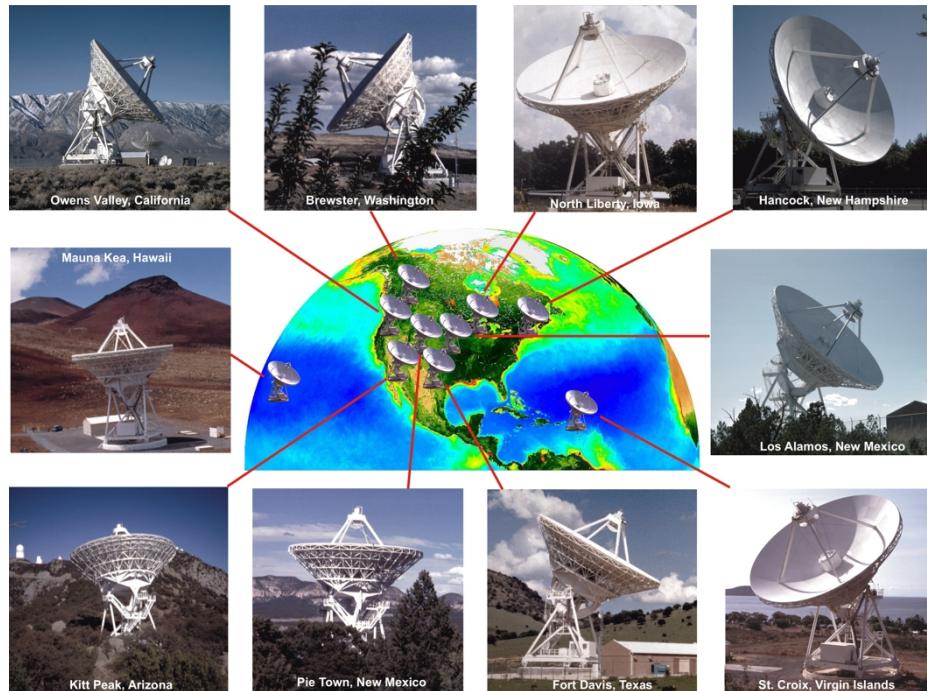
Pulsar J0742-2822  
Parkes Beam 5 [Edwards et al., 2001]



# V-FASTR's role



- VLBA:  
10 stations  
(25-m)
- 8600-km  
baseline
  - Milliarcsecond  
localization
- V-FASTR: real-time commensal detection  
of fast transient signals
  - Commensal: analyze data as it is correlated;  
no control over pointing or parameters





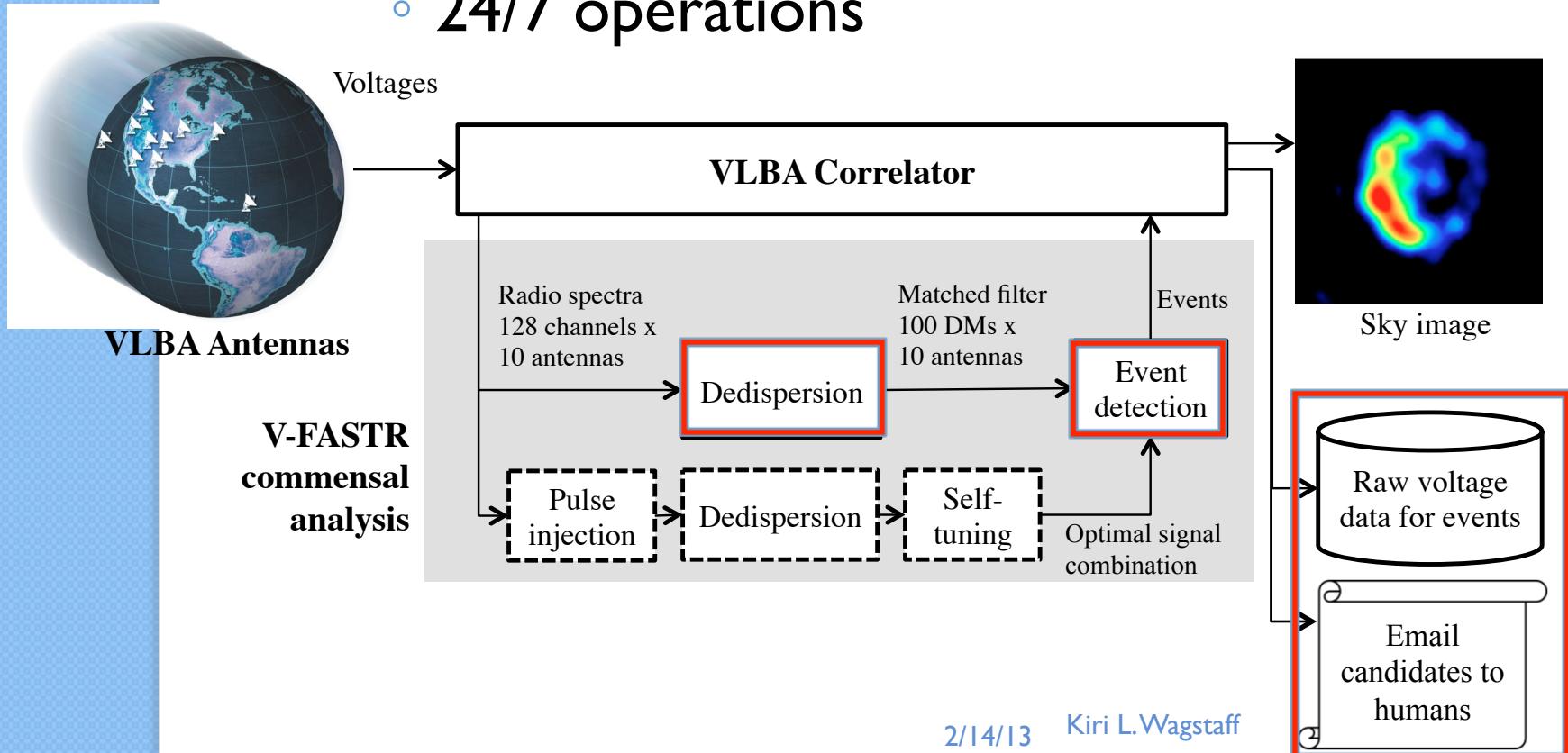
## In this talk:

- How V-FASTR works
- Results to date
- New advance: V-FASTR tagging agent

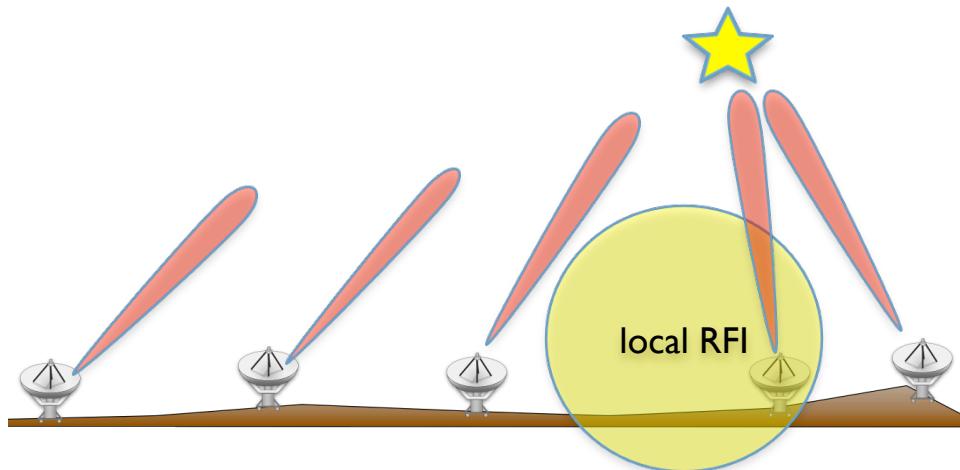
# V-FASTR Overview



- Goals:
  - Fast detection to save best candidates given limited buffer space
  - Minimal impact on VLBA system
  - 24/7 operations

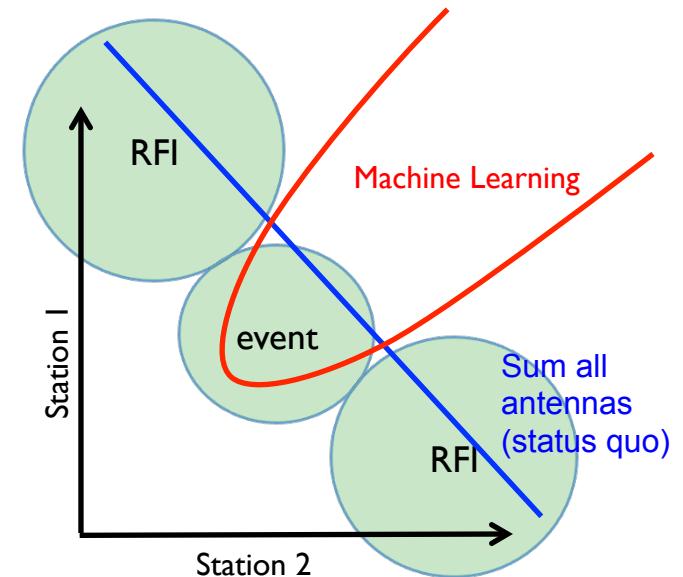


# Robust Detection



Leverage multiple stations to excise RFI

Adaptive excision:  
Use machine learning  
to selectively include  
or exclude stations

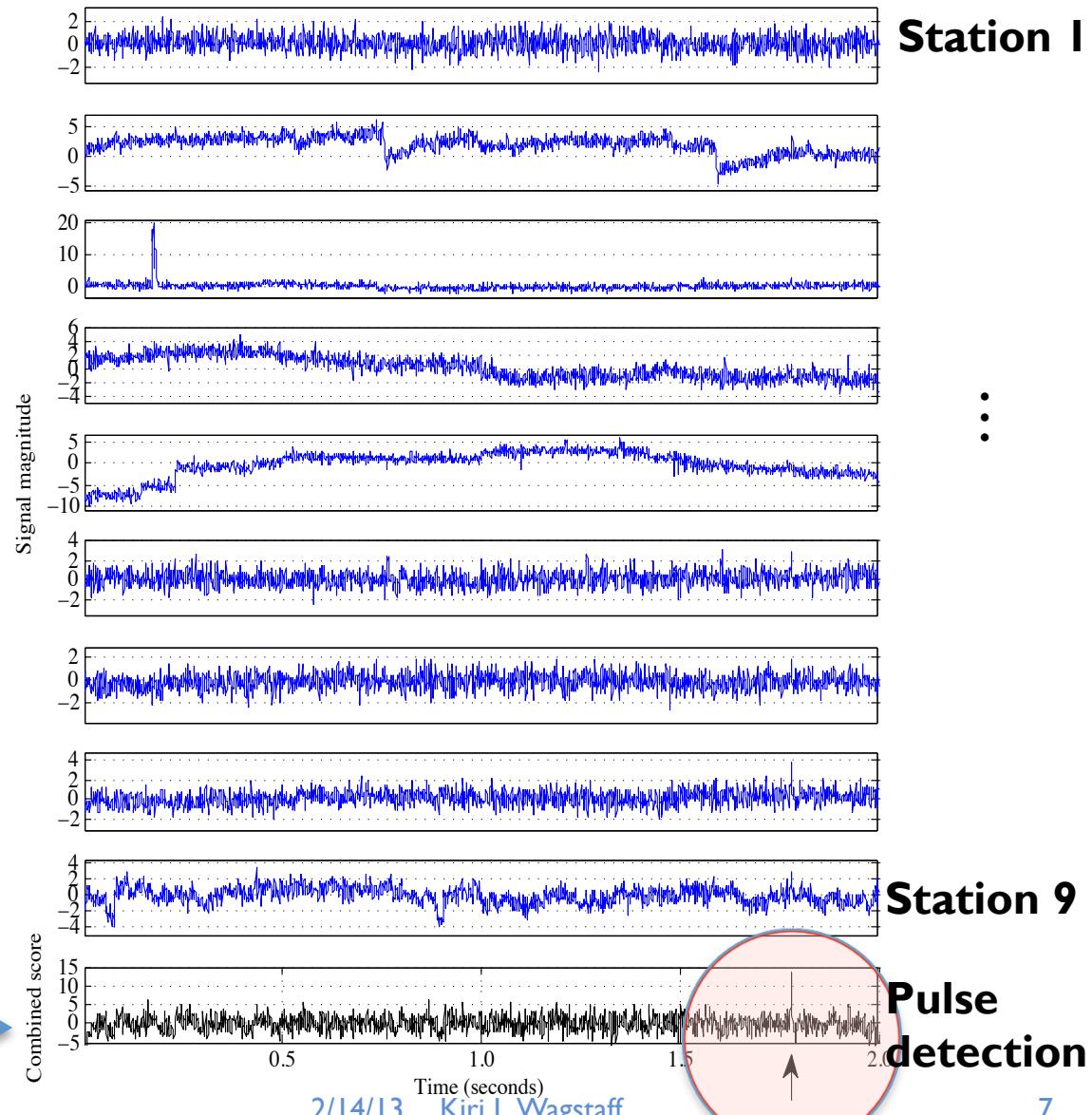


# Adaptive excision: example



Pulsar  
J1919+0021

How to get this  
clean sum?



# Adaptive excision: example

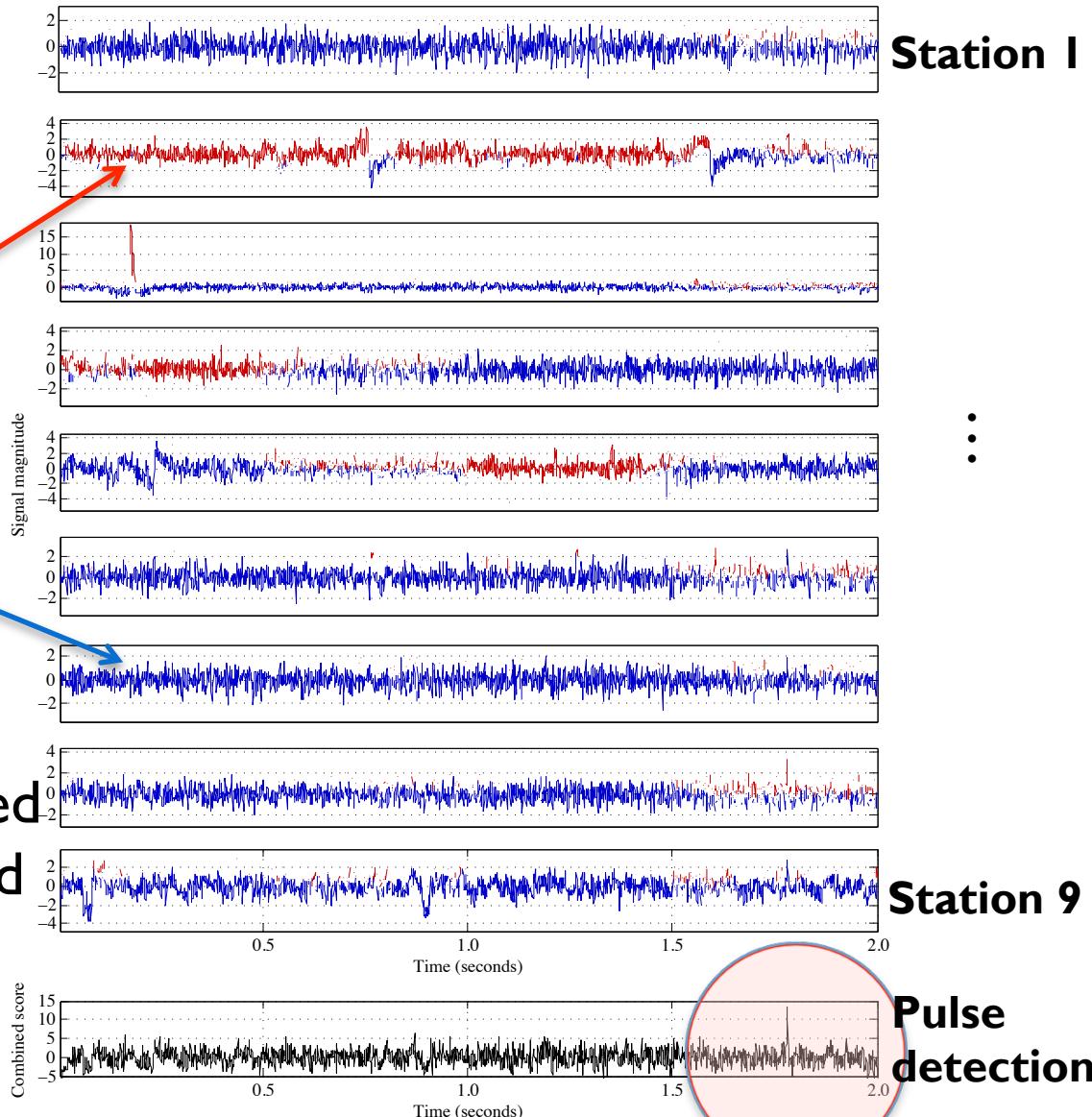


Pulsar  
J1919+0021

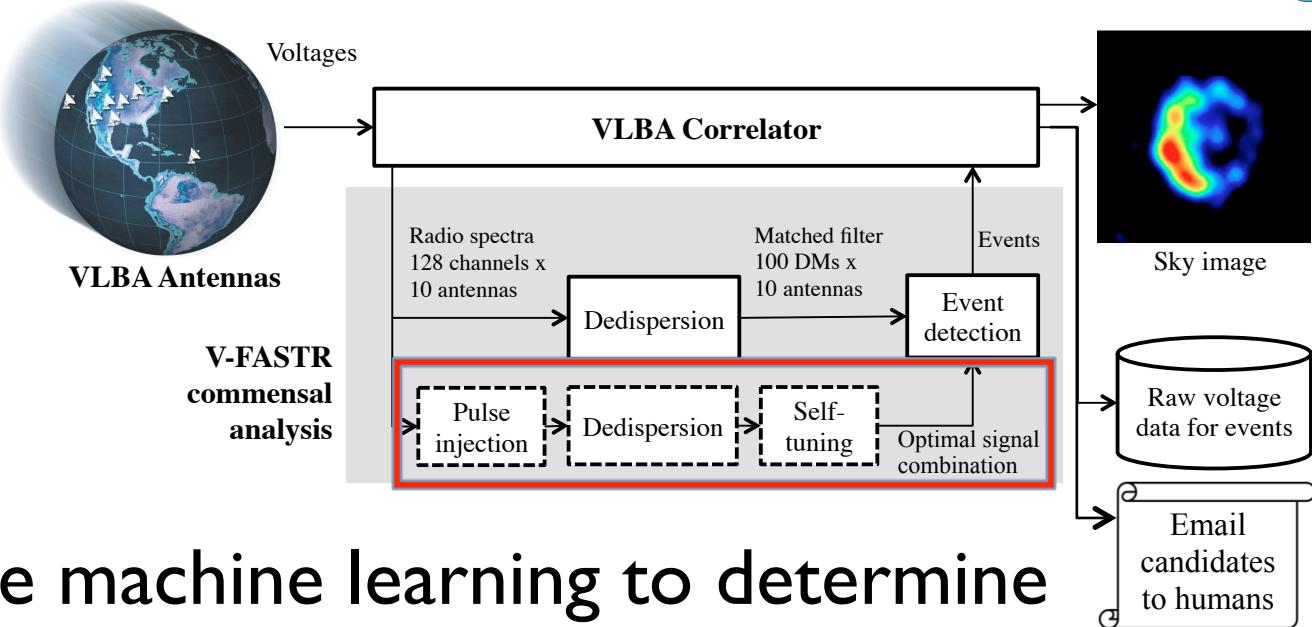
Selected for  
excision

Contributing  
to sum

Here, data is detrended  
and adaptively excised



# Adaptive excision: method

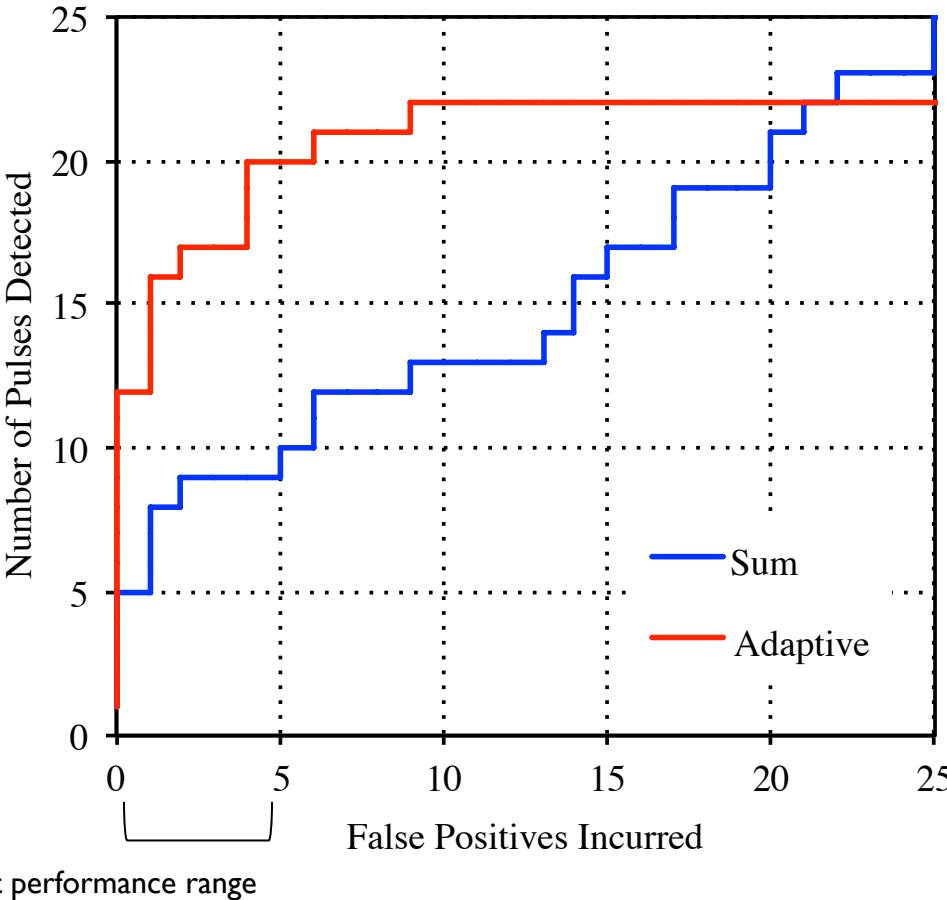


- Use machine learning to determine how many stations to ignore
  - Inject synthetic pulses into recently collected data with known SNR, DM
  - Determine how many stations to excise so that the synthetic pulses can be recovered
  - Re-train every 10,000 time steps (20 seconds)

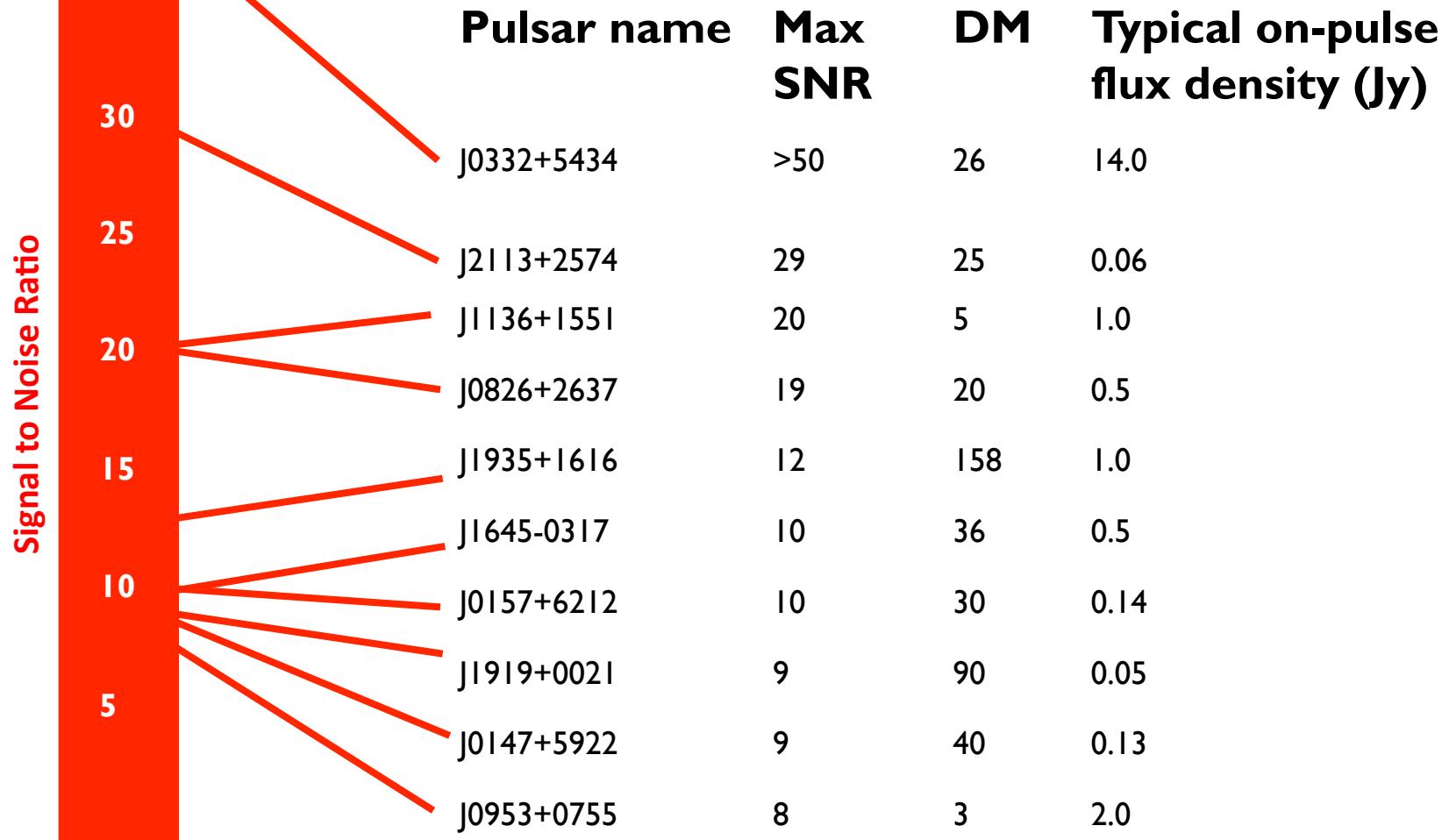
# Adaptive excision: performance



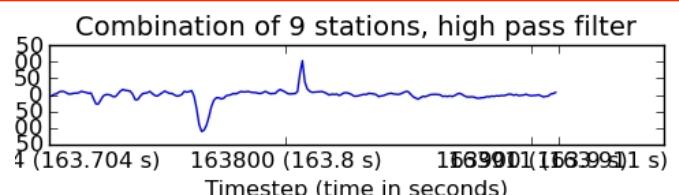
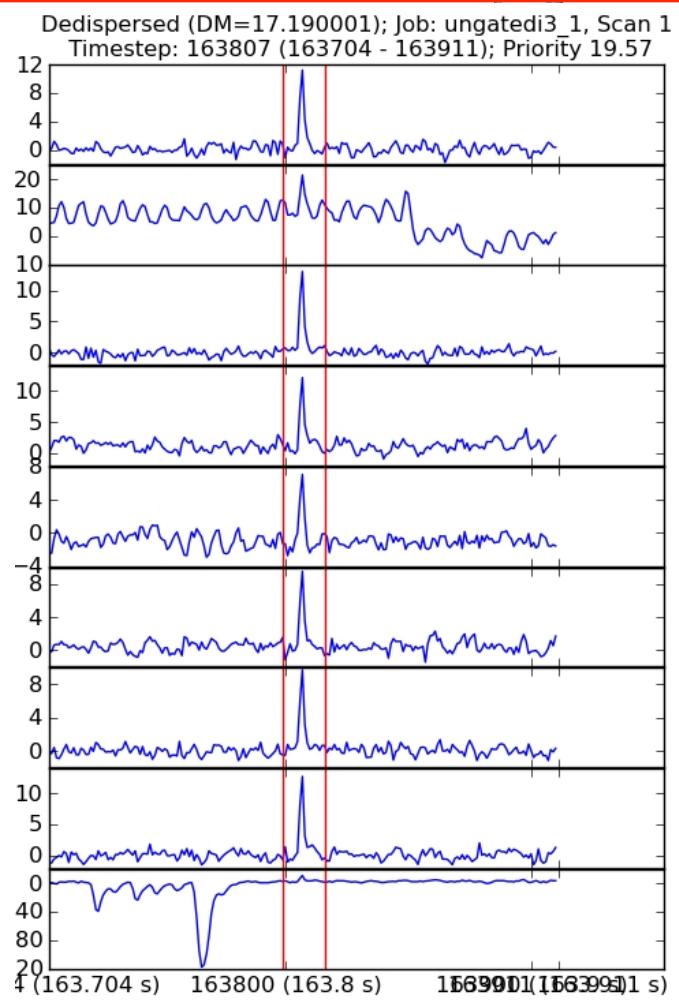
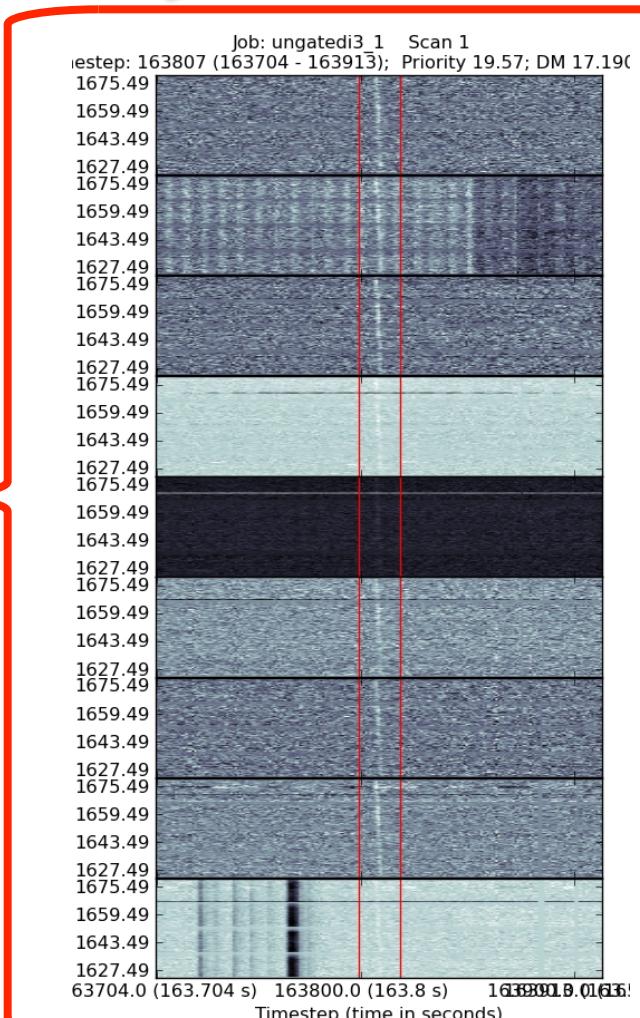
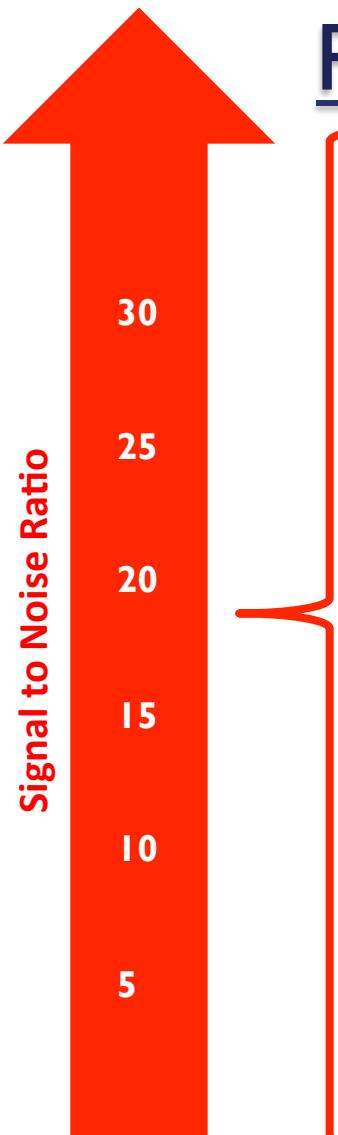
- Pulse detection for a single representative pulsar observation



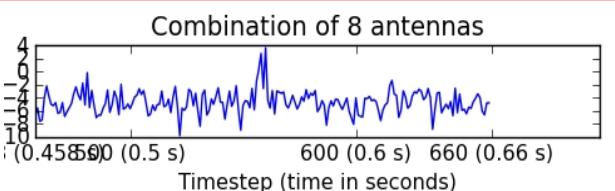
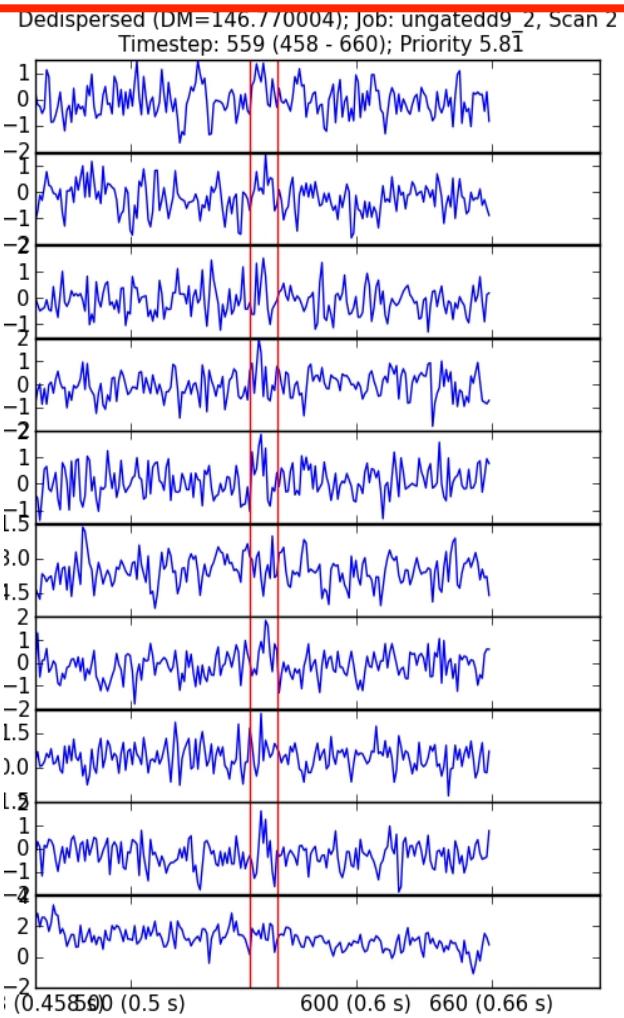
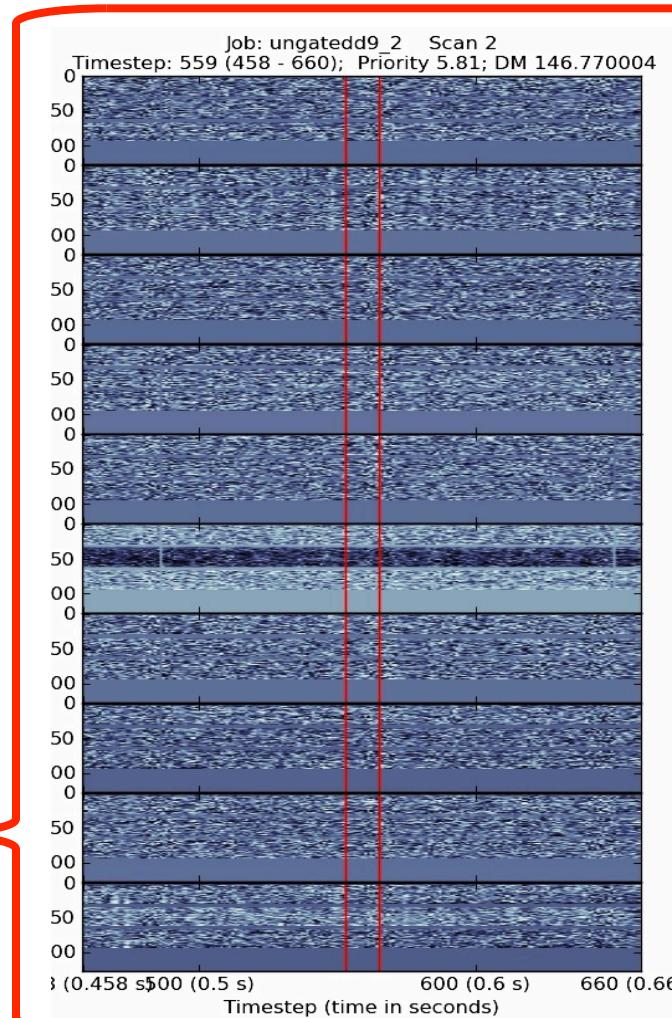
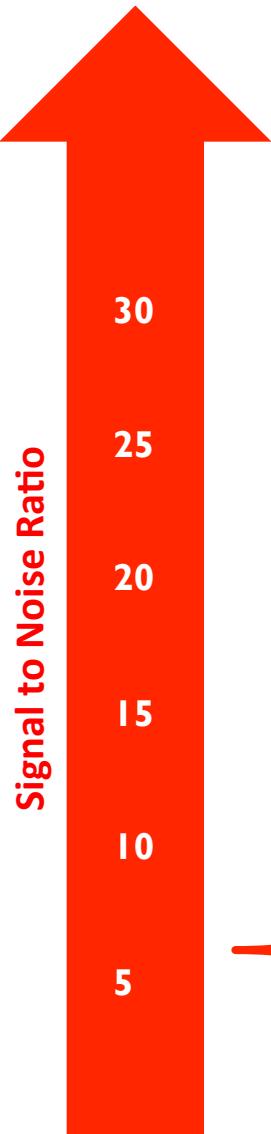
# Blind pulsar detections



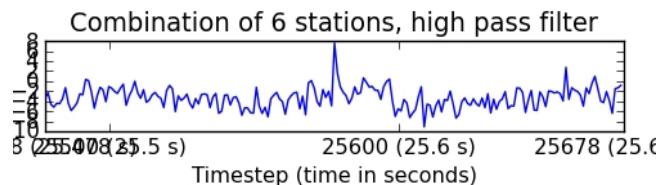
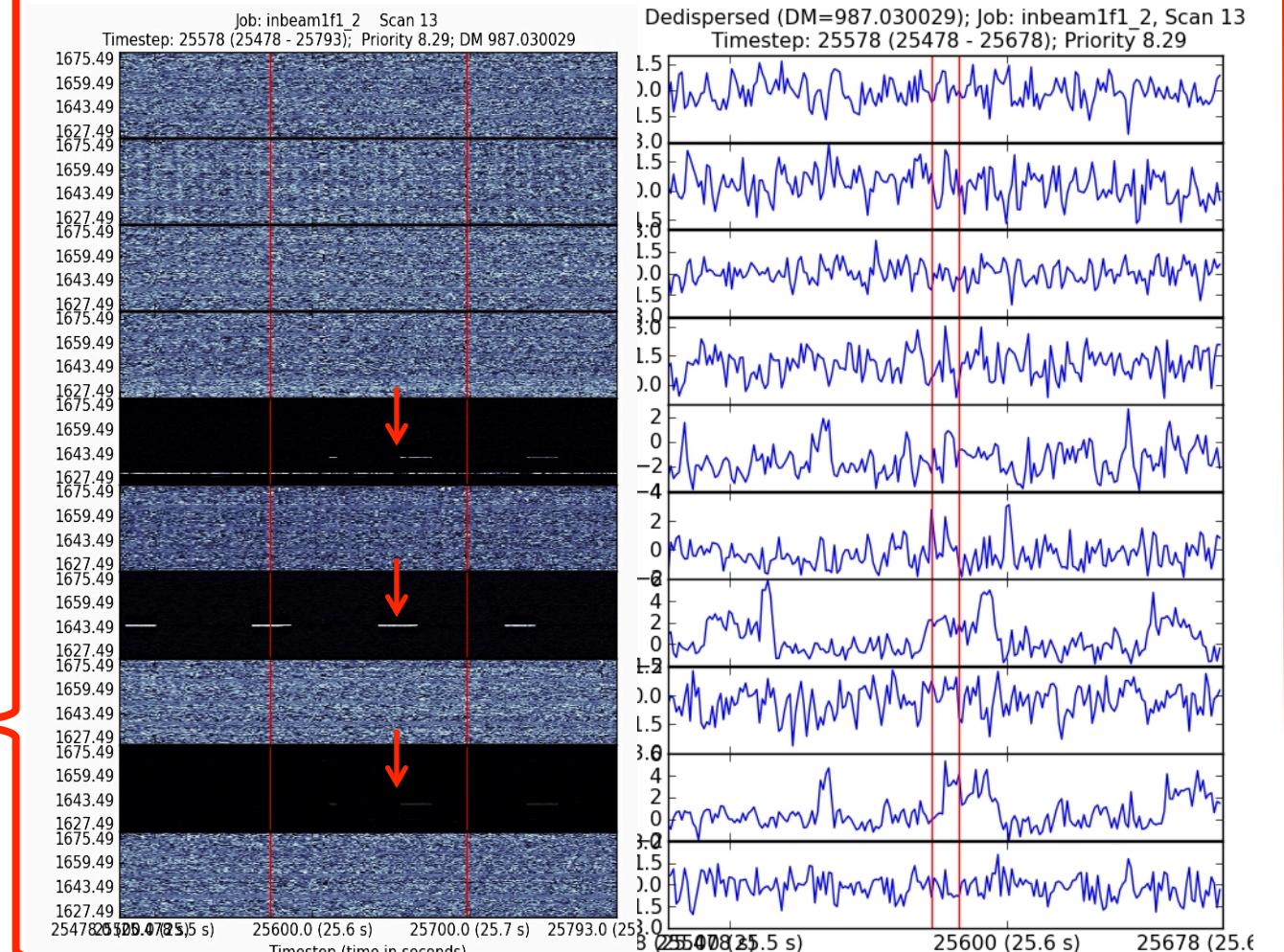
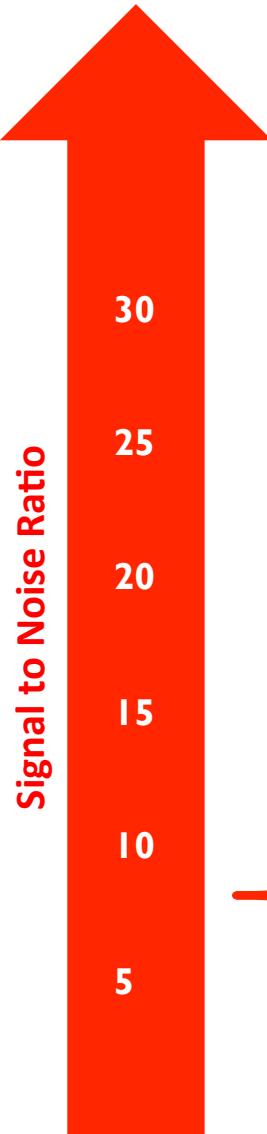
# PSR J0826+2637: DM: 17, SNR: 19



# PSR J1935+1616: DM: 146, SNR: 6

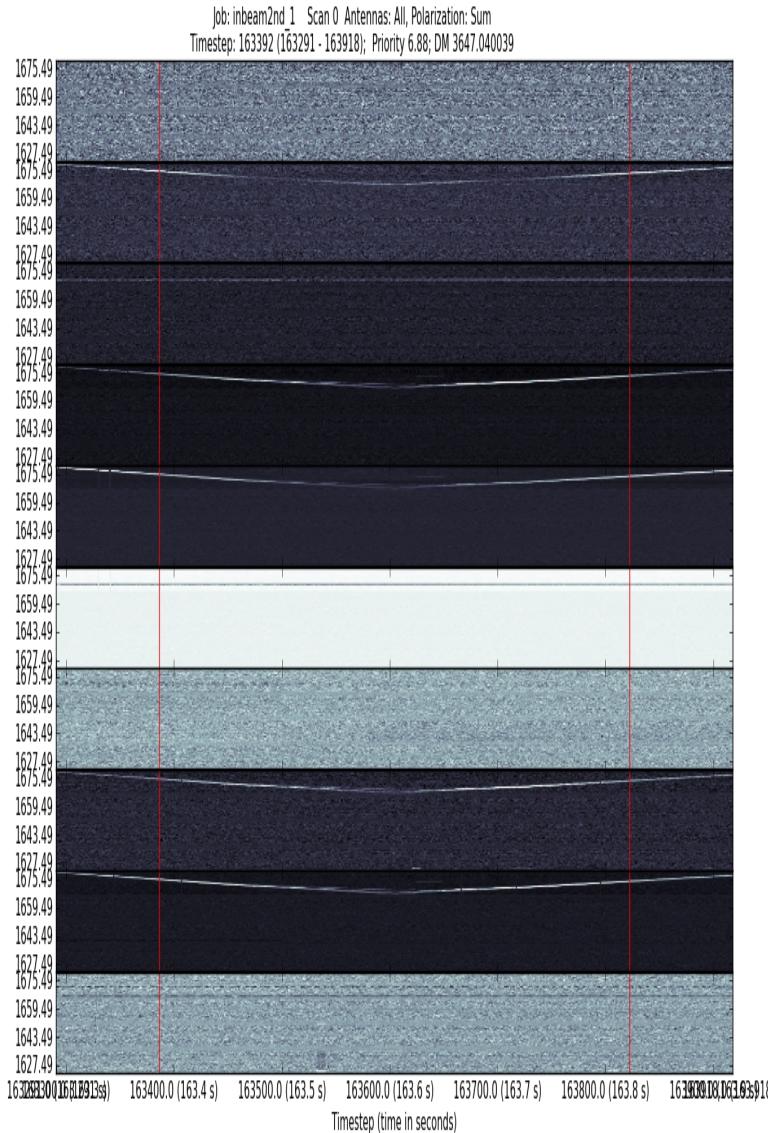


# False alarm: DM: 987(!), SNR: 8

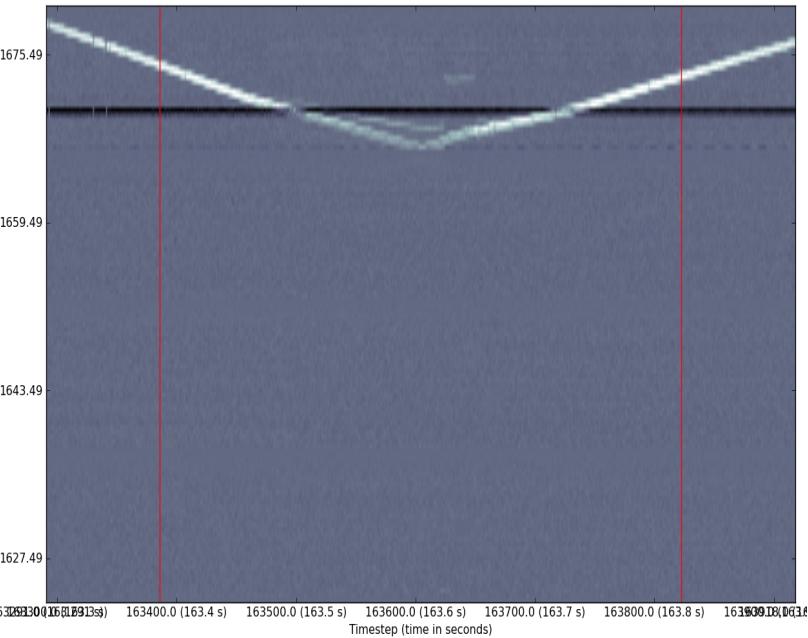




# Mystery: “V-chirp”



Summed across stations:



- 5 examples in 4 months
- Not VLBA artifact
  - Similar signals seen by GBT, 350 MHz
- Not local RFI (multi-station)
- Not lunar echo (some high declinations)
- Not radiosonde (at least 1200 km alt.)
- Satellite?

Even with adaptive excision,  
many candidates to review per day

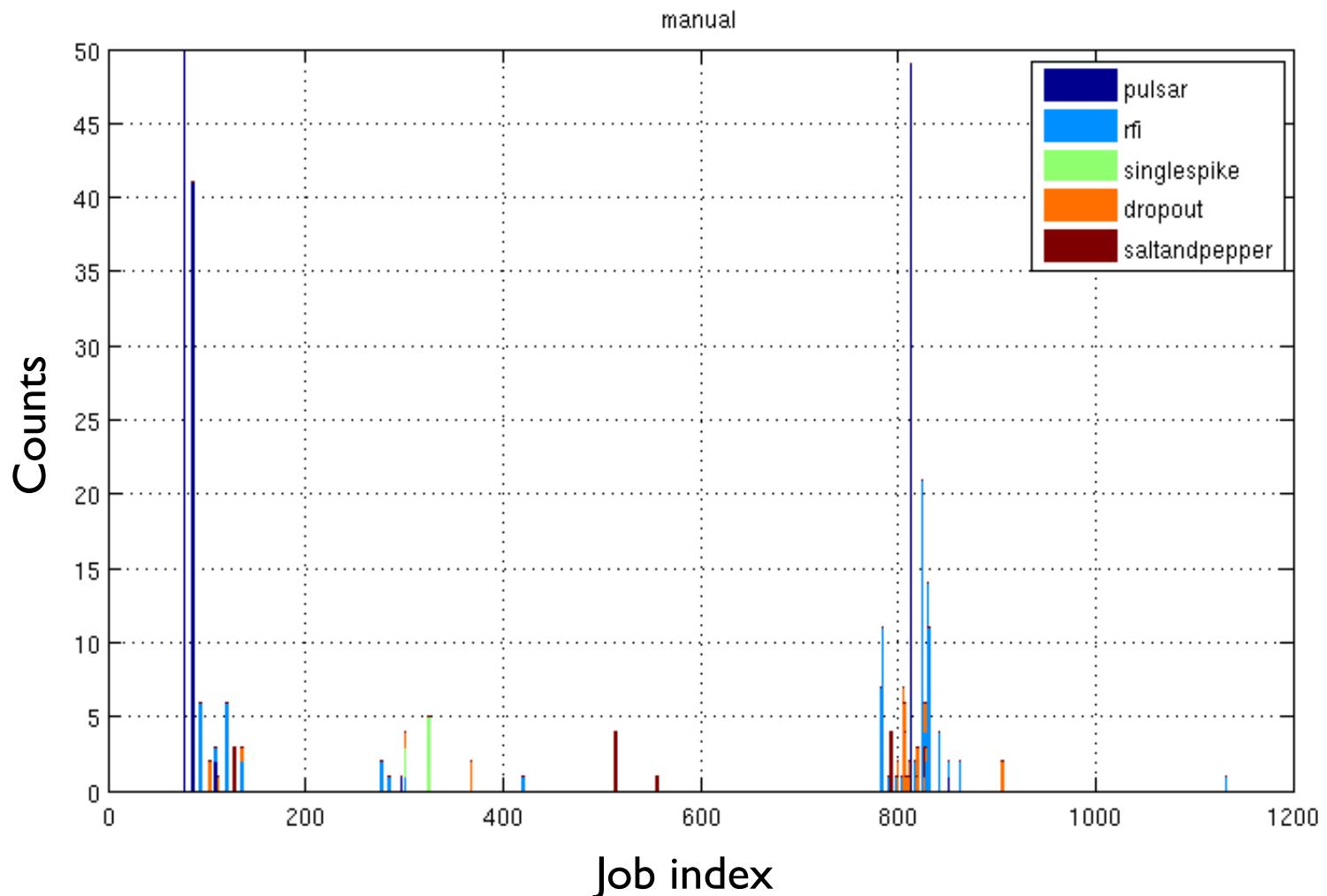


- Can we automate some of this?

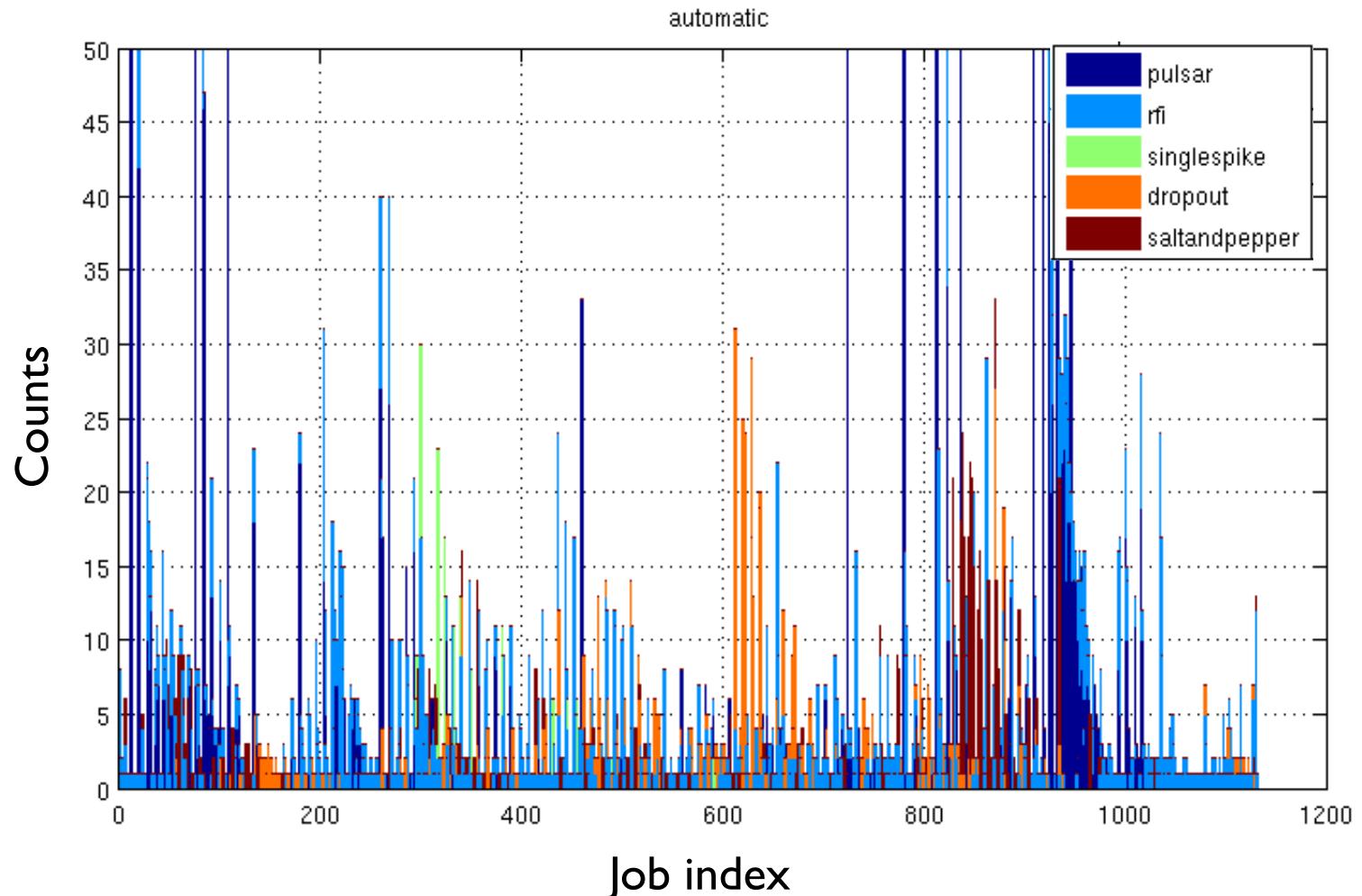


- **ML Tagging Agent**
  - Learn properties of different event types to classify new ones
  - Method: Bayes Net (probabilistic model)
  - Features
    - Asymmetry: power before event vs. after
    - Magnitude: power within event vs. outside
    - Variance in power during pulse
    - Dropouts: number of zeroed timesteps

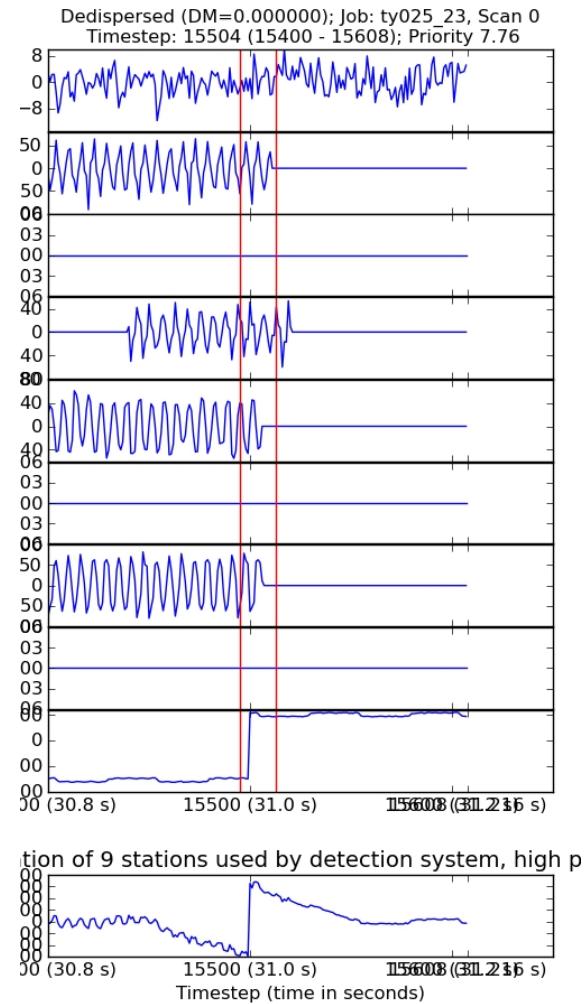
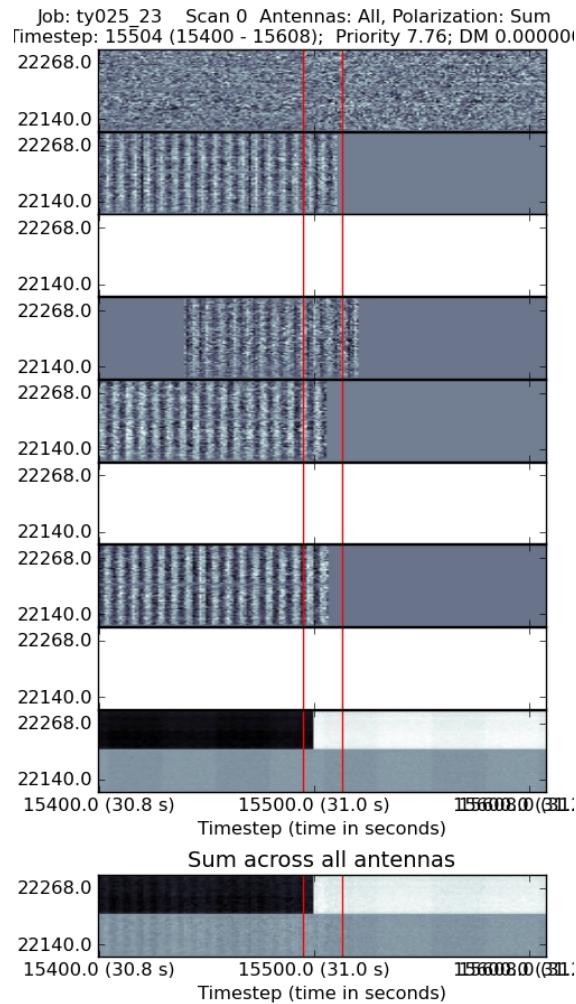
# Training data (manually labeled)



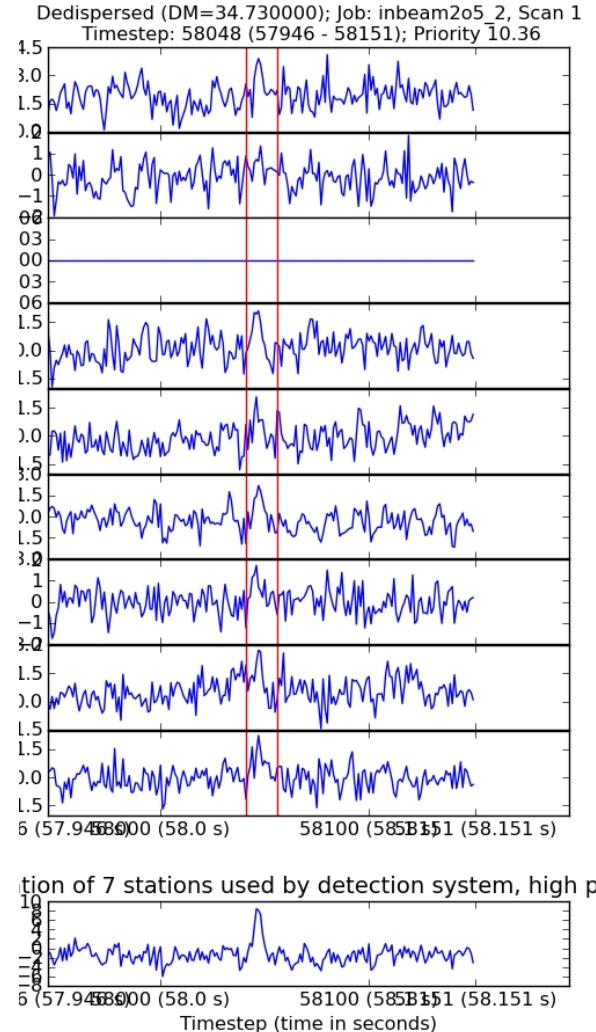
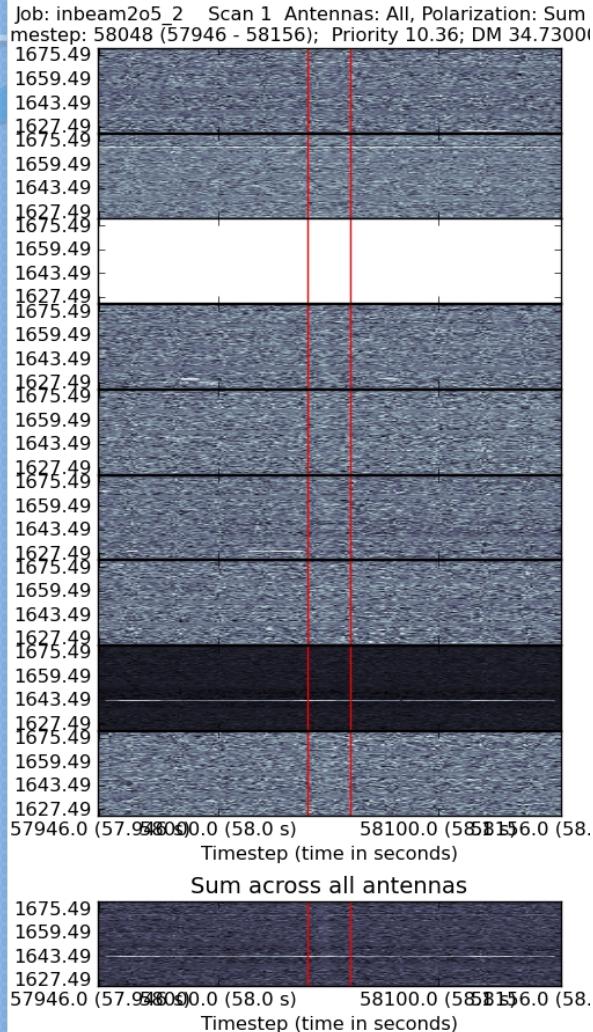
# Tagging Agent's output



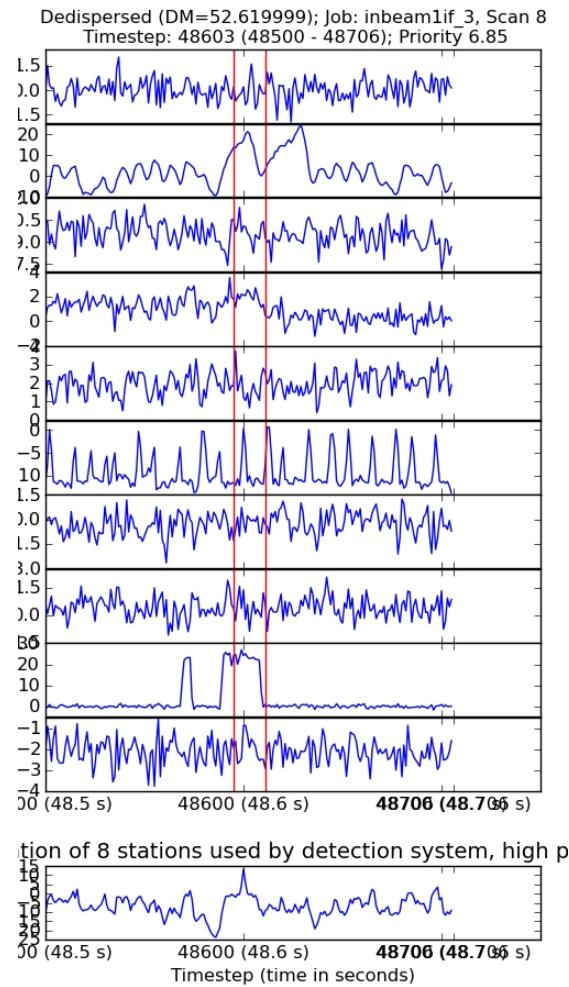
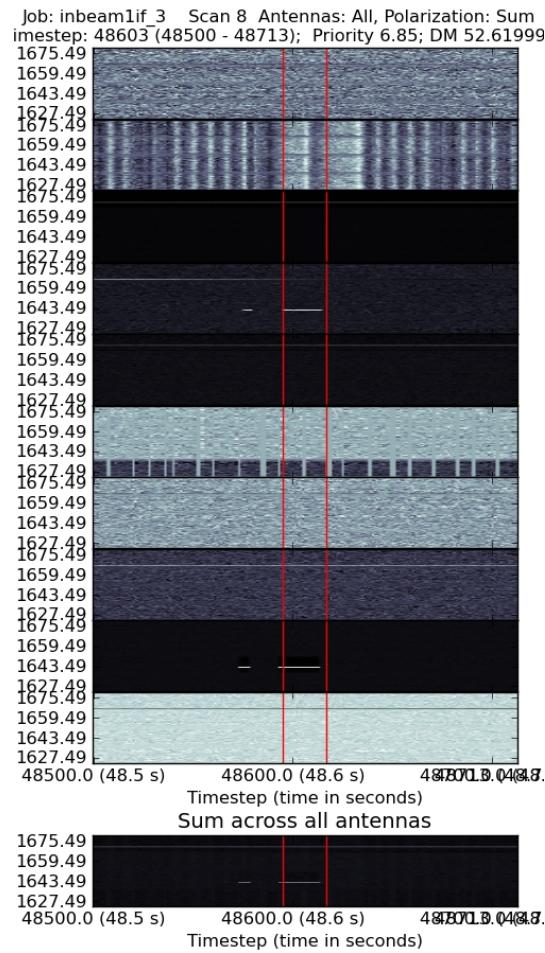
# Tagging Agent: “data dropout”



# Tagging Agent: “interesting / pulsar”



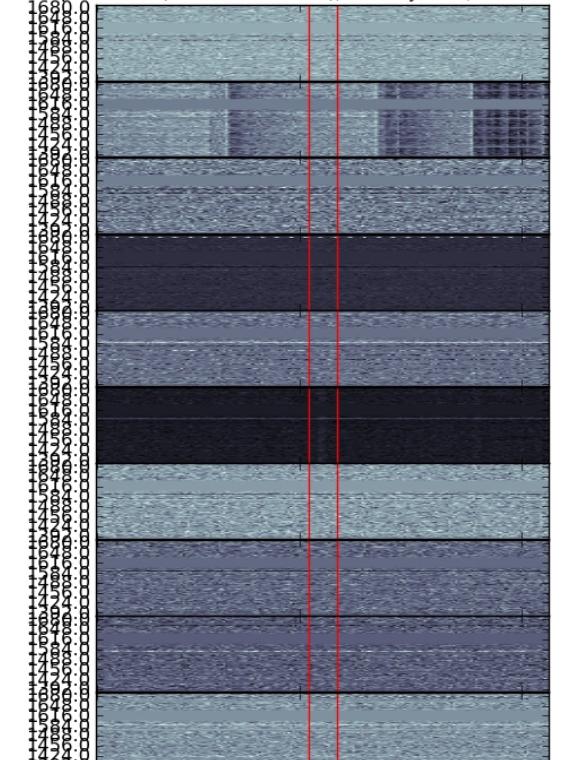
# Tagging Agent: “RFI”



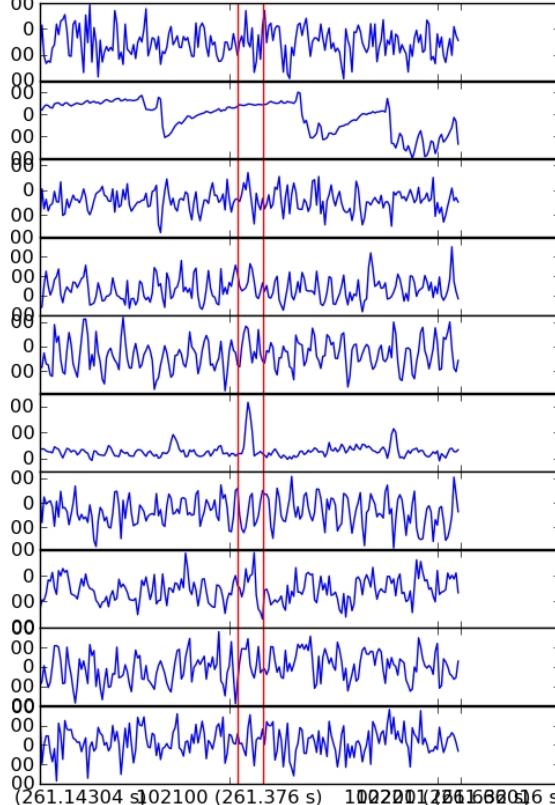


# Tagging Agent: “interesting / pulsar”

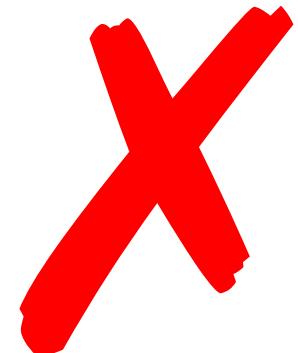
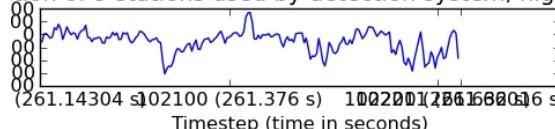
Job: bm360i2\_020 Scan 0 Antennas: All, Polarization: Sum  
nestep: 102110 (102009 - 102212); Priority 7.43; DM 2.7600



Dedispersed (DM=2.760000); Job: bm360i2\_020, Scan 0  
Timestep: 102110 (102009 - 102211); Priority 7.43



tion of 9 stations used by detection system, high p



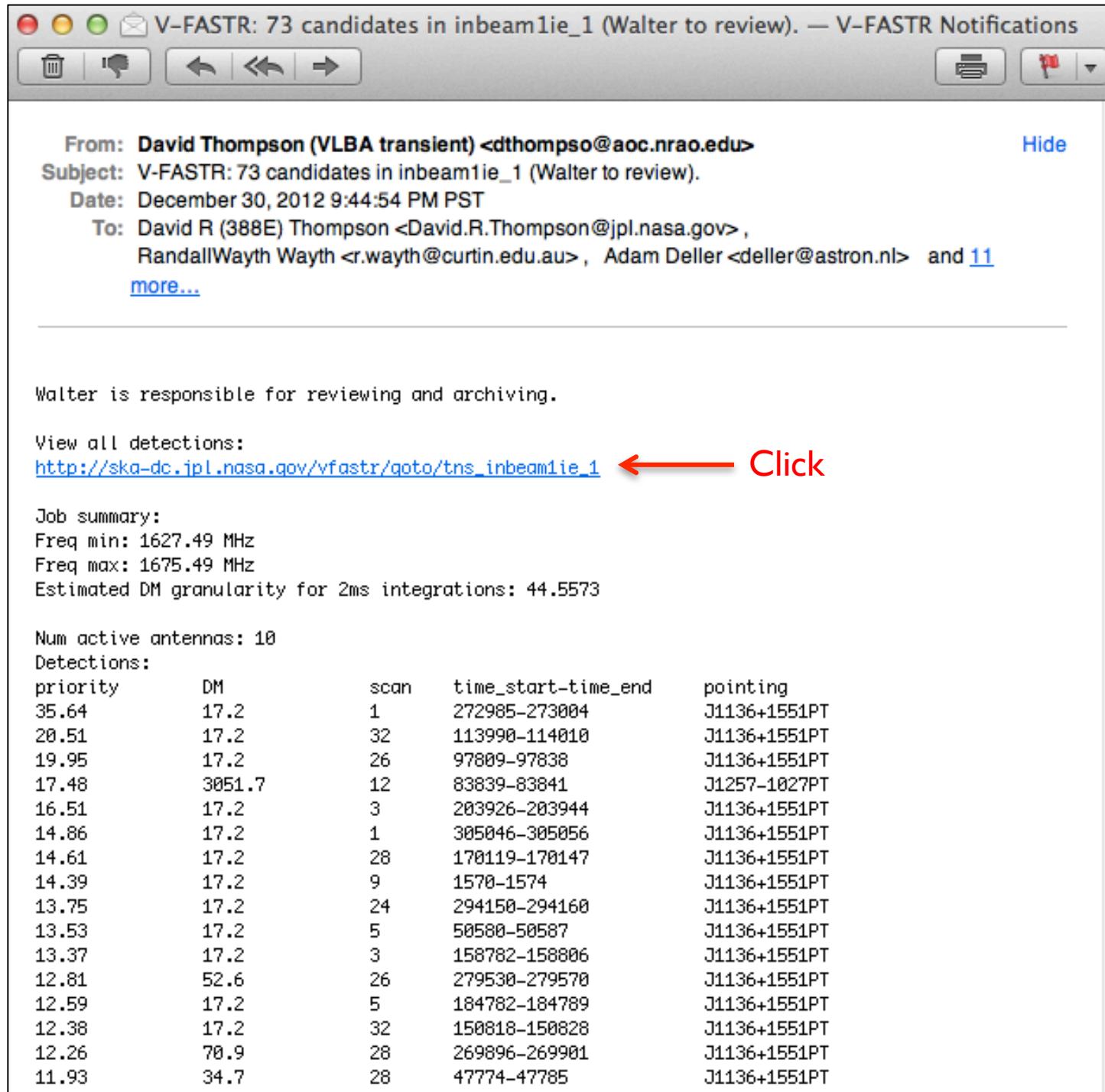
# Evaluation: Confusion matrix for training set



		Human				
		Pulsar	RFI	Single-spike	Drop-out	Salt & Pepper
Automatic	Pulsar	160	25	0	0	0
	RFI	3	75	0	0	0
	Singlespike	1	0	7	1	0
	Dropout	0	2	0	31	0
	Salt & Pepper	0	0	0	0	16

Especially good performance given that V-FASTR does no folding or periodicity analysis

# V-FASTR Notifications

A screenshot of a V-FASTR Notifications window. The title bar reads "V-FASTR: 73 candidates in inbeam1ie\_1 (Walter to review). — V-FASTR Notifications". The window contains an email message from David Thompson (VLBA transient) to David R (388E) Thompson, Randall Wayth, and Adam Deller. The message is dated December 30, 2012, at 9:44:54 PM PST. It includes a link to view detections at [http://ska-dc.jpl.nasa.gov/vfastr/goto/ngts\\_inbeam1ie\\_1](http://ska-dc.jpl.nasa.gov/vfastr/goto/ngts_inbeam1ie_1). A red arrow points to this link with the text "Click".  
From: David Thompson (VLBA transient) <dthompson@aoc.nrao.edu>  
Subject: V-FASTR: 73 candidates in inbeam1ie\_1 (Walter to review).  
Date: December 30, 2012 9:44:54 PM PST  
To: David R (388E) Thompson <David.R.Thompson@jpl.nasa.gov>, Randall Wayth <r.wayth@curtin.edu.au>, Adam Deller <deller@astron.nl> and [11 more...](#)  
  
Walter is responsible for reviewing and archiving.  
  
View all detections:  
[http://ska-dc.jpl.nasa.gov/vfastr/goto/ngts\\_inbeam1ie\\_1](http://ska-dc.jpl.nasa.gov/vfastr/goto/ngts_inbeam1ie_1) ← Click  
  
Job summary:  
Freq min: 1627.49 MHz  
Freq max: 1675.49 MHz  
Estimated DM granularity for 2ms integrations: 44.5573  
  
Num active antennas: 10  
Detections:  

priority	DM	scan	time_start-time_end	pointing
35.64	17.2	1	272985-273004	J1136+1551PT
20.51	17.2	32	113990-114010	J1136+1551PT
19.95	17.2	26	97809-97838	J1136+1551PT
17.48	3051.7	12	83839-83841	J1257-1027PT
16.51	17.2	3	203926-203944	J1136+1551PT
14.86	17.2	1	305046-305056	J1136+1551PT
14.61	17.2	28	170119-170147	J1136+1551PT
14.39	17.2	9	1570-1574	J1136+1551PT
13.75	17.2	24	294150-294160	J1136+1551PT
13.53	17.2	5	50580-50587	J1136+1551PT
13.37	17.2	3	158782-158806	J1136+1551PT
12.81	52.6	26	279530-279570	J1136+1551PT
12.59	17.2	5	184782-184789	J1136+1551PT
12.38	17.2	32	150818-150828	J1136+1551PT
12.26	70.9	28	269896-269901	J1136+1551PT
11.93	34.7	28	47774-47785	J1136+1551PT



VFASTR Data Portal

ska-dc.jpl.nasa.gov/vfastr/review-job/c0a638ae-d60b-4ad1-ba8f-4a43...

JPL Work projects To Read MLIS To Watch To Learn To blog New car

**V-FASTR** Data Portal

JPL HOME EARTH SOLAR SYSTEM STARS & GALAXIES SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

Home → Job: tns\_inbeam1ie\_1 → Review

## Job: tns\_inbeam1ie\_1

*There are 37 scans and 90 events in this job. Unassigned is responsible for review.*

Reviewed

List of Events By Scan Number:

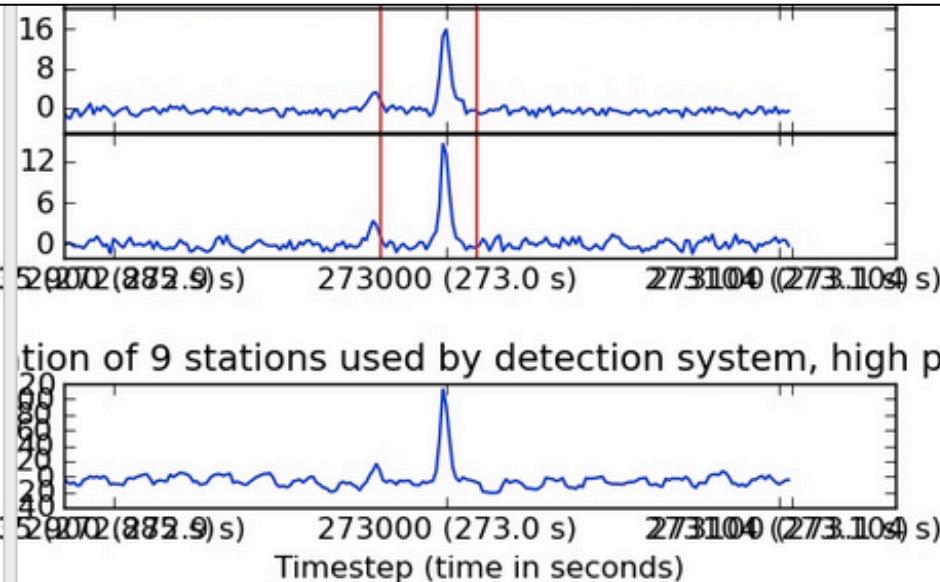
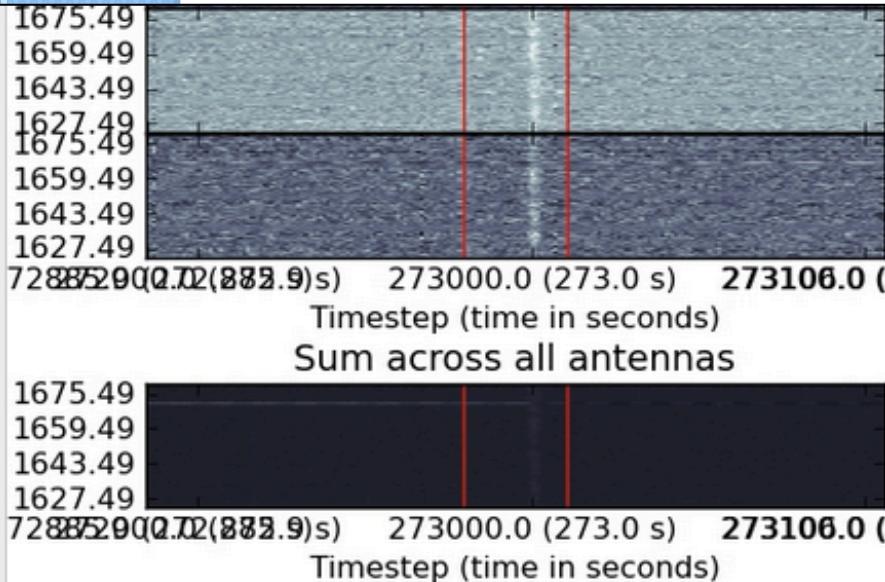
Scan 0 (No events)

Scan 1

Event 1 - Start time: 12:44:02, Priority: 9.153, Median DM: 17.190

**Detection Imagery** **Dedispersion Imagery**

# Web portal tagging interface



## Event Tags

Human generated tags look like [this](#), whereas machine generated tags look like [this](#). Hover over a tag with your mouse to see details.

### Tags for this Event:

**pulsar**

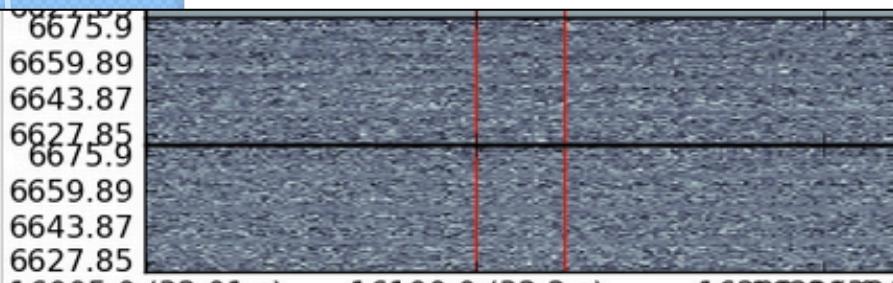
A large, solid red arrow pointing to the left, indicating a previous page or a return action.

## Tag assigned by the agent

Type your tag here...

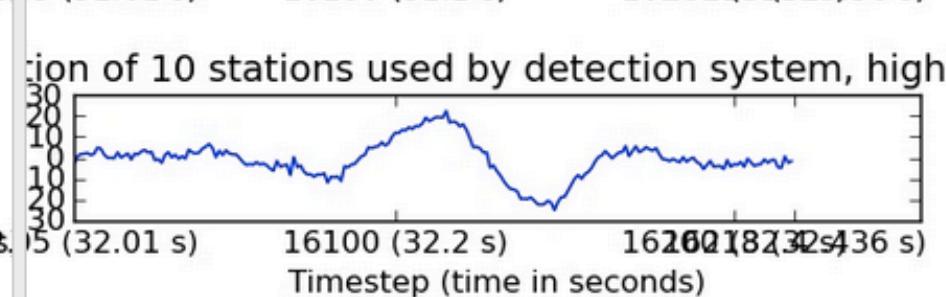
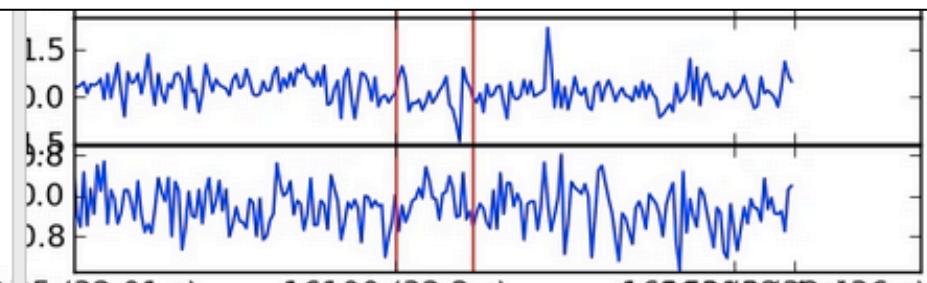
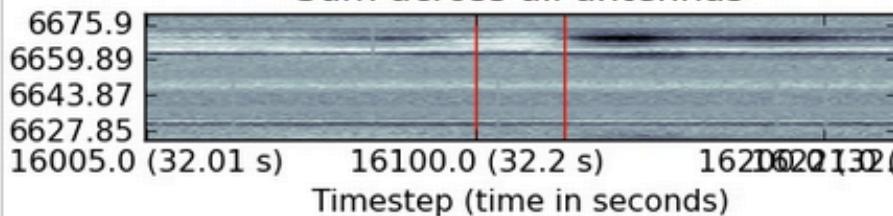
[Add Tag](#)

# Web portal tagging interface



Timestep (time in seconds)

Sum across all antennas



## Event Tags

Human generated tags look like [this](#), whereas machine generated tags look like [this](#). Hover over a tag with your mouse to see details.

Tags for this Event:



Tag assigned by the agent

Type your tag here...

Add Tag

# Summary



- V-FASTR: longest-running commensal transient detection system (since July 2011)
  - First search >2 GHz
- Blind pulsar detections: validation
- Machine learning enables
  - Robust excision
  - Auto-tagging of event types
    - 90% reliability now
    - Training set grows daily
- Future: further streamline review process and notifications (event RSS feeds?)
- Contact: [kiri.wagstaff@jpl.nasa.gov](mailto:kiri.wagstaff@jpl.nasa.gov)

# Further reading



- “V-FASTR: The VLBA Fast Radio Transients Experiment,” Wayth et al., ApJ 735(2), 2011
- “Detection of fast radio transients with multiple stations: A case study using the Very Long Baseline Array,” Thompson et al., ApJ 735(2), 2011
- “Limits on the event rates of fast radio transients from the V-FASTR experiment,” Wayth et al., ApJ 753(2), 2012
- “A framework for interpreting fast radio transients search experiments: application to the V-FASTR experiment,” Trott et al., ApJ 2013
- “Real-time adaptive event detection in astronomical data streams: Lessons from the VLBA,” Thompson et al., IEEE Intelligent Systems, to appear